### **HYDRAULICS I**

SCHOOL		ENGINEERING			
School					
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	DUATE			
COURSE CODE	40501		SEMESTER	5th	I
COURSE TITLE	HYDRAULIC	IS I		1	
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES			
if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	e credits are aw	varded for the	WEEKLY TEACHINO HOURS		CREDITS
		Lectures	4 hours/we	ek	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (c					
COURSE TYPE	Background	l Course			
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES (In English)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	YES in the Open eClass platform (AsynchronouseLearning platform).				

#### Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes
- By the end of the course students are intended to become familiar with:
- the basic concepts of fluid mechanics.
- the theory of the statics of the incompressible fluids.

• the equations of the dynamics of incompressible fluids: equations of continuity, momentum, energy.

- Euler and Bernoulli equations.
- the concepts of laminar and turbulent flow.
- the study of flow in closed conduits.
- the calculation of energy losses in pipelines.
- dimensional analysis and hydraulic similarity.

At the end of the course the student will have developed the following knowledge and skills:

- calculation of pressure distribution in static fluids and hydrostatic forces on surfaces which are in contact with static fluids.
- study of the flow using the concept of control volume.
- application of dimensional analysis and hydraulic similarity.
- drawing of energy line and piezometricline.
- Analysis of pipelines in series, parallel pipelines, branch pipelines to tanks.
- design of closed pipeline systems.
- calculation of hydraulic machines (pumps-hydro turbines).

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management information, with the use of the necessary technology Respect for difference and multiculturalism Adapting to new situations Respect for the natural environment Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and Working independently sensitivity to gender issues Team work Criticism and self-criticism Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Others ....

#### • Working independently

• Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

#### 3. SYLLABUS

Properties of fluids, natural properties of water, fluid statics, manometers.

Fluid kinematics, stream lines, streak lines, path lines.

Archimedes' principle, water hydrodynamics.

Calculation of pressures and forces on tank walls.

Ideal fluids, real fluids.

The conceptof "system" and "control volume".

Basic flow equations: continuity equation, energy equation, momentum equation.

Ideal fluid flow: Euler and Bernoulli equations.

Vorticity and velocity potential, stream function, irrotational flow.

Real fluid flow: Laminar and turbulent flow.

Flow over solid boundary, boundary layer.

Flow in closed conduits: Basic hydraulic equations.

Calculation of energy losses in pipelines: linear losses, local losses, active length.

Energy line and piezometric line.

Pipelines in series, pipelines in parallel, branching pipes to tanks.

Design of closed pipeline systems, hydraulic machines (pumps-hydro turbines).

Dimensional analysis, Buckingham's theorem, hydraulic similarity.

DELIVERY	Face-to-face.		
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of the Information and	Communication	
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Technologies (ICT) in Teach	ing. Support of the learning	
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	process through the electronic e-class platform.		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
	Attendance of Lectures	52	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	(4 hours x 13 weeks)		
	Independent Study	73	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,			
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art			
workshop, interactive teaching, educational			
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,			
etc.			
	Course total	125	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-	25 hours workload per	(5 ECTS x25) = 125	
directed study according to the principles of	credit	(3 2013 223) = 123	
the ECTS			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Final written examination (2	100%), during which	
EVALUATION	solution of problems and answer of questions		
	isrequired.		
Description of the evaluation procedure			
Language of evaluation, methods of			
Dunguage of evaluation, methous of			

evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple	
choice questionnaires, short-answer questions,	
open-ended questions, problem solving,	
written work, essay/report, oral examination,	
public presentation, laboratory work, clinical	
examination of patient, art interpretation,	
other	
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are	
given, and if and where they are accessible to	
students.	

## 5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Βιβλίο [77107657]: Μηχανική Ρευστών, 2η Έκδοση, Λιακόπουλος Αντ.

Βιβλίο [41963463]: Μηχανική ρευστών, Πρίνος Παναγιώτης

Βιβλίο [77119353]: ΣΤΟΙΧΕΙΑ ΥΔΡΑΥΛΙΚΗΣ ΚΛΕΙΣΤΩΝ ΚΑΙ ΑΝΟΙΚΤΩΝ ΑΓΩΓΩΝ, ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟΣ ΔΗΜΗΤΡΑΚΟΠΟΥΛΟΣ

Βιβλίο [9654]: Εφαρμοσμένη Υδραυλική, Στάμου Αναστάσιος Ι.

Βιβλίο [22767973]: Υδραυλική Κλειστών και Ανοικτών Αγωγών, Πρίνος Παναγιώτης

Βιβλίο [1003]: Σούλης Ιωάννης (2008), Υδραυλική κλειστών αγωγών, Εκδόσεις Χαράλαμπος Νικ Αϊβάζης

Βιβλίο [77119457]: ΜΗΧΑΝΙΚΗ ΡΕΥΣΤΩΝ ΜΕ ΕΦΑΡΜΟΓΕΣ, ΤΖΙΡΤΖΙΛΑΚΗΣ ΕΥΣΤΡΑΤΙΟΣ -ΞΕΝΟΣ ΜΙΧΑΛΗΣ

# SOIL MECHANICS I

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	40502		SEMESTER	5 <sup>th</sup>	
COURSE TITLE	SOIL MECH	ANICS I			
	NC ACTIVITI	TEC			
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	mponents of th e credits are aw	e course, e.g. varded for the	WEEKLY TEACHING HO	URS	CREDITS (ECTS)
Lecture	s and Labora	tory Exercises	6 hours/week (LECTURES4hours&LABOR, EXERCISES 2 hours)	ATORY	6
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (a		the teaching			
COURSE TYPE	Scientific A	rea course			
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	already hav		courses, however, the stude e previous semesters' course er courses.		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES (In Eng	lish)			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	YES in the C	Dpen eClass pla	tform (Asychronous e Learr	ning plat	form).

#### Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- The physical properties of soils
- The standard laboratory tests through which they are determination
- The systems of soil classification.
- The development of stresses in the soil due to the soil weight and external loads with the presence of water.
- Permeability and seepage of soils.

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others
Working independently.	

- Team work.
- Project planning and management
- Respect for the natural environment
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking.

# 3. SYLLABUS

٠	Physical properties of soils. Mineralogy, soil phases, grain size analysis, plasticity.
•	Classification of soils by standard methods
•	Soil compaction. Principles, laboratory and in situ standard tests.
•	General principles of mechanics of soil
•	Stress distribution in the soil mass. Theory of Elasticity. Geostatic stresses and stresses due to external loads.
•	Water in the soil under static conditions. Principle of effective stress.
•	Steady water flow. Darcy's law. Soil permeability
•	Two dimensional seepage. Flow nets, water pressure, rate of flow.

<b>DELIVERY</b> Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face. Lectures in the class in Power Point with the use of videoprojector. The Laboratory education takes place at the Soil Mechanics Laboratory.		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of the Information and Communication Technologies (ICT) in Teaching.Support of the learning process through the electronic e-class platform.		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	Attendance of Lectures (3 hours x 13 weeks)	26	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Participation in optional practice exercises that are given in the classroom and focus on Civil Engineering applications Preparation for the laboratory exercises and reports	24 50	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-	IndependentStudy	50	
directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Coursetotal	150	
	(25 hours workload per credit)	(6 ECTS x25) = 150	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
<b>EVALUATION</b> Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	the delivery of labo	he participation in the final e final written exam that nal grade. ne course: attend and participate with ratory exercises in the oratory exercises. The	
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.			

## 5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

#### - Suggested bibliography:

- 1. ΕΔΑΦΟΜΗΧΑΝΙΚΗ Αρχές και Εφαρμογές, G.E.Barnes, ΚΛΕΙΔΑΡΙΘΜΟΣ, 2005
- 2. Braja M. Das, Fundamentals of Geotechnical Engineering, Brooks/Cole
- Στοιχεία Εδαφομηχανικής , Μ.Καββαδά, http://users.ntua.gr/kavvadas/Books/books.htm
- ΕΔΑΦΟΜΗΧΑΝΙΚΗ ασκήσεις και προβλήματα, Γ. Γραμματικόπουλος, Ν. Μάνου Ανδρεάδου, Θ. Χατζηγώγος, Εκδόσεις Αφοι Κυριακίδη
- Παπαχαρίσης Ν., Μάνου-Ανδρεάδη Ν., Γραμματικόπουλος Ι., Γεωτεχνική Μηχανική, Εκδόσεις Αφοι Κυριακίδη, 1999.
- 6. Lambe, T.W. & Whitman, R.V. Soil Mechanics John Wiley & Sons, New York (1969)
- 7. Holtz,R.D. &Kovacs,W.D. An introduction to Geotechnical Engineering , Prentice-Hall, N.J. (1981)
- 8. Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering, V.N.S.Murthy, UBSPD, 1993
- 9. Day, R.W. Geotechnical & Foundation Engineering , Mc Graw- Hill, N.Y. (1999)

# **ROAD COSTRUCTION I - COMPUTER – AIDED ROAD CONSTRUCTION**

SCHOOL	ENGINEERING			
ACADEMIC UNIT	CIVIL ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	DUATE		
COURSE CODE	40503		SEMESTER	5 <sup>th</sup>
COURSE TITLE		ROAD COSTRUCTION I - COMPUTER – AIDED ROAD CONSTRUCTION		
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly teach	mponents of the e credits are aw	e course, e.g. arded for the	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
	Lecture hours 5 3			5
	Lab hours 2		2	
	Total hours 5		5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (a				
<b>COURSE TYPE</b> general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Scientific ar	ea course		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes, in English			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

#### Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

After the successful completion of the course:

The students will be able to study and implement the construction of o road.

■ Specifically, the students will know how to study the geometric design of the road and the earthworks.

■ They will acquire the appropriate skills to prepare the required designs for the project and make the necessary calculations.

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology	Project planning and management
	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

.....

Search, analysis and composing data and information, using the necessary technologies.

- Decision making.
- Working independently
- Teamwork
- Respect for the natural environment

## 3. SYLLABUS

#### 1. ROAD ELEMENTS

#### 2. TRAFFIC ON THE ROAD

Vehicles. Resistances to vehicle movement. Linear and curved sections of the road. Vehicle course at linear sections of road. Vehicle course at curved sections of road.

- 3. ROAD TRAFFIC EXAMINATION
- 4. EXAMINATION OF THE GEOMETRIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE ROAD
- a. Study of road at the horizontal level.

Isoclinic line (semislop). Polygonal line. Selection of appropriate radius. Length of spiral line. Deviation of the tangent of the cycle. Widthwise inclination of the road in its curved sections. Straight section between curved countermeasures. Widening of the roadway in the curves.

b. Study of road in the vertical level.

Ground and road length diagrams. Maximum longitudinal inclination. Fittings of the street lines with vertical curves.

5. EARTHWORK ROAD PROJECT

Road sections. Cross-sectional area measurement. Calculation of landfill volume. Diagrams of Medium Surfaces and Applicable Lengths. Landfill chart. Distribution and movement of land. Bruckner and Lalanne chart.

6. INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL DESIGN SOFTWARE AND ROAD DESIGN

DELIVERY	Face-to-face		
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of ICT in teaching		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Lecture 3 hours x 13 Laboratory practice 2hours x 13 Project Independed study	39 26 13 47	
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	125	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	THEORY: Final written exam. Percentage of participation LABORATORY: Final written exam. Percentage of participation Prerequisite for participat the completion of the project during the semester.	in the total grade 40%. ion in the laboratory test is	

## 5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- 1. Kofitsas D. Ioannis (2009) " Road design and intersection data"
- 2. Apostoleris K. Anastasios (2013) "Road construction"

- Related academic journals:

### DESIGN OF WATER CLEANING AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTME	DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRA	DUATE			
COURSE CODE	40504	40504 <b>SEMESTER</b> 5 <sup>th</sup>			
COURSE TITLE	DESIGN OF WATER CLEANING AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANTS			STEWATER	
<b>INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES</b> if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHIN HOURS		CREDITS (ECTS)	
Lectures		4 hours/we	ek	5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (a		the teaching			

COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Specialised general knowledge
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	No prerequisite courses are need but the students should already have attended, in previous semesters, courses in Physics and Mathematics
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES (In English)
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	YES in the Open eClass platform (Asynchronous e Learning platform).

#### Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able to comprehend and calculate:

- Design facilities for water cleaning for dreaking water
- Design facilitiew for wastewater treatement

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

• Working as a team in projects related to construction engineering

• Creation of new ideas in problems of civil engineering

- Ability to lead the scientific group for the study and construction of small and/or small projects
- Working by himself in engineering projects

## 3. SYLLABUS

•

- Introduction
- Design of facilities for water cleaning
- Wastewater engineering
- Wastewater flowrates
- Wastewater characteristics
- Wastewater treatment objectives, methods and implementation considerations
- Introduction to Wastewater treatment plant design
- Physical unit Operations
- Chemical Unit Process
- Biological Unit Process
- Design of facilities for physical and chemical treatment of Wastewater
- Design of facilities for the Biological treatment of Wastewater
- Advanced Wastewater treatment
- Design of facilities for the treatment and disposal of sludge
- Natural treatment systems
- Small wastewater treatment facilities
- Management of wastewater from combined sewers

<b>DELIVERY</b> Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Lectures in the class using the black board and/or computer techniques e.g Power Point with the use of video projector.
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of the Information and Communication Technologies (ICT) in Teaching.Support of the learning process through the electronic e-class platform.

TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
	Attendance of Lectures			
The manner and methods of teaching are	(4 hours x 13 weeks)	52		
described in detail.	Participation in optional			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	practice exercises that			
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	are given in the			
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	classroom and focus on	52		
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,	Civil Engineering			
etc.	applications			
	Independent Study	74		
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-				
directed study according to the principles of	Course total	175		
the ECTS	(25 hours workload per			
	credit)	(5 ECTS x35) = 180		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	The second sector to device			
EVALUATION	The evaluation is done:			
Description of the evaluation procedure	• 70% of the final grade from the final examination			
	15% from homework and	d 15% from midterms.		
Language of evaluation, methods of				
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple				
choice questionnaires, short-answer questions,				
open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination,				
public presentation, laboratory work, clinical				
examination of patient, art interpretation,				
other				
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are				
given, and if and where they are accessible to				
students.				

# 5. BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 10. Τσιώλης Στ., Καθαρισμός νερού, εκδ Παπασωτηρίου 2010
- 11. Τσιώλης Στ., Επεξεργασία Λυμάτων, εκδ Παπασωτηρίου 2010
- Χρυσικόπουλος Κ., Εισαγωγή στις διεργασίες καθαρισμού νερού και λυμάτων, εκδ Τζιόλα 2017
- 13. Tchobanoglus G., and Burton F., Wastewater engineering, treatment disposal reuse, McGraw-Hill Inc, 1972

# **RESTORATION OF HISTORICAL CONSTRUCTIONS – ARCHITECTURAL SURVEY**

SCHOOL	ENGINEERI	NG		
ACADEMIC UNIT				
	CIVIL ENGINEERING			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	BACHELOR			
COURSE CODE	40505 SEMESTER 5 <sup>th</sup>			
COURSE TITLE	RESTORATION OF HISTORICAL CONSTRUCTIONS – ARCHITECTURAL SURVEY			JCTIONS –
if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the	<b>INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES</b> if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the hole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHINO HOURS	
			2+3	2+2
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (c		the teaching		
COURSE TYPE	specialised gen	eral knowledge		
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES (ENGLI	SH)		
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)				

#### Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Students should acquire the necessary knowledge in order to evaluate a historical building and to distinguish its historical phases, a necessary step before the elaboration of its restoration study. Also, they should be able to decide on emergency rescue operations, if necessary before drawing up the final study.

Upon successful completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Carry out the theoretical and methodological approach of historic buildings, as well as the systematic treatment of their problems.
- Work on the preservation, restorationand enhancement of architectural monuments.
- Specialize in dealing with and solving problems of protection and preservation of architectural heritage.

## **General Competences** Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim? Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management information, with the use of the necessary technology Respect for difference and multiculturalism Adapting to new situations Respect for the natural environment Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and Working independently sensitivity to gender issues Team work Criticism and self-criticism Working in an international environment Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Working in an interdisciplinary environment ..... Production of new research ideas Others ... Autonomous work

Group work

### 3. SYLLABUS

Introduction to the theme of restoration and interpretation of basic concepts (monument - properties, restoration, reconstruction, restoration, conservation - conservation, sanitation, revival). International organizations and international conventions. General principles and feasibility of protection and rehabilitation. Historical buildings evaluation. Investigation and evaluation of historical phases. Selection of preserved and non-maintained historic phases. Description of the factors that contribute to the deterioration of the monuments: bad repairs and wrong restorations, physical deterioration, man-made damage, internal and external causes of destruction, natural and accidental causes.

Examination of various maintenance and rehabilitation techniques. Methods of rescue interventions and parameters determining the final choice of the method. Methods of static solution of buildings with traditional ways of structure. The special case of the restoration of ancient monuments.

The restoration study technique will include:

#### 1. Analytical procedure

A. Historical analysis - documentation, aiming at monitoring the evolution of the building over time (study of historical sources, collection of testimonies, identification, historical phases, presentation of documentation with earlier designs, archival and pictorial material); b. Architectural analysis - Photographic mapping, design imaging, typological and morphological analysis, structural structure - pathology), c. Structural analysis (analysis-data collection, near-field surveys, seismic risk, research into the characteristics of structural elements and materials, static design study, fixation interventions).

### 2. Synthetic procedure

Compilation of rehabilitation and reuse study: General principles-philosophy of interventions, compatibility study of the new use, restoration, maintenance, promotion and adaptation of the building in its new use, study of repair and fixation - static structural interventions and aids for restoration of the static adequacy of the building and restoration of the damaged, corroded or altered elements of the building. Architectural interventions, redevelopment of premises, modernization of the building. Building Legislation. Rules of Building. Specifications, budget and timetables for the execution of the work.

Knowledge will be provided to students by theory and laboratory exercises, which will be the application of theory to a specific part of the cognitive subject at an individual or group level. The methodology also includes examples of completed studies.

Within the laboratory part, a building will be selected by the students (individually or in groups), with the cooperation and consensus of the teacher. It will be followed by

recognition of the original form by means of a first impression, which will allow the students to begin to learn the structure in depth and to approach the architecture of the building. They will deal with the depiction of floor plans, views, sections, axonometric and detail drawings. The analysis and study of the premises, the building system and the construction details will follow. An assessment of static and functional competence will be made.

Addressing the problem will be completed by studying maintenance, rehabilitation, reuse and projection projects, technically, economically and socially, and choosing the right solution for repair or reconstruction.

<b>DELIVERY</b> Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	In classroom			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Yes			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
	Lectures	50		
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	Practice exercises that focus on the application of methodologies and analysis of studies in	25		
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	smaller groups of			
workshop, interactive teaching, educational	students			
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Group work on a study	50		
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Course total	125		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE		125		
EVALUATION				
Description of the evaluation procedure				
	i. Written final examination			
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination,	ii. Presentation of	group work		

public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	

## 5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

Νομικός Μ., Αποκατάσταση επανάχρηση ιστορικών κτιρίων και συνόλων. Μεθοδολογία – εφαρμογές, Θεσσαλονίκη, Α.Π.Θ. Τμήμα Αρχιτεκτόνων / Εκδόσεις Γιαχούδης, 1997.

T.E.Ε. Μαγνησίας, Συντήρηση και Αναβίωση Παραδοσιακών Κτιρίων και Συνόλων, Εκδόσεις UNIVERSITY STUDIO PRESS, ISBN 960-12-120.

Γαβρά Ε., Πολιτιστικό Απόθεμα και Αρχιτεκτονική Κληρονομιά στα Βαλκάνια, 2004, Εκδόσεις Κυριακίδη, ISBN 960-343-740-9.

Κωτσιόπουλος, Συντήρηση και Αναβίωση Ιστορικών Κτιρίων, Εκδόσεις Τ.Ε.Ε.

Παπαγεωργίου Αλεξ., Αθήνα-Ένα Όραμα του Κλασσικισμού, [ΦΕΚ 1203/Τεύχ. Β΄/2004], Εκδόσεις Καππόν, ISBN 960-703-702-2.

- Related academic journals:

# TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND DESIGN OF TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS

SCHOOL	ENGINEERING				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	40506 <b>SEMESTER</b> 5th			1	
COURSE TITLE	TRAFFIC ENGINEERING AND DESIGN OF TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
		Lectures	4		5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (c		the teaching			
COURSE TYPE	Scientific ar	rea course			
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	There are no prerequisite courses				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

#### Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The goal of the course is to introduce the students to the basic concepts of traffic engineering. The course aims at providing knowledge on the fundamental aspects of traffic flow as well as on measurement techniques for determining the traffic phenomenon. The course also has the scope to teach techniques for computing levels of road service, for traffic light system design and for parking design. Finally, the course also scopes to introduce the students to other types of transportation networks than road ones as well as to complete transportation systems.

After the successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Know the basic object of traffic engineering
- Know the fundamental concepts and aspects of traffic flow like capacity, density and speed
- Know measurement techniques
- Determine the service level in a road
- Design a traffic light system
- Design a parking space
- Know the basic principles of railway and airtransport networks

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others...

- Decision making
- Working independently
- Team work

## 3. SYLLABUS

Introduction to the concept of traffic engineering.

Basic characteristics of traffic flow: fundamental aspects of traffic flow (capacity, density, speed).

Rate of flow and coefficient of peak hours.

Composition of traffic and units of passenger vehicles.

Temporal and spatial separation. Diagrams of time-distance.

Applications of traffic measurements. Measurement at a point, road part or road network.

Fundamental relation of traffic flow. Computation of diagrams.

Traffic capability and level of service. Computations.

Traffic light operation. Determination of green light duration, phase resonance, saturation flow etc.

Parking places. Basic design rules and computations.

Introduction to other transportation networks like railways, airports, seaports.

Transportation systems, holistic approach to networks.

Transportation and applications of Geographic information Systems (GIS).

#### DELIVERY Face-to -face in the classroom Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc. **USE OF INFORMATION AND** Support of learning process through the electronic **COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY** platform e-class Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students **TEACHING METHODS** Activity Semester workload Lectures 52 The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Individual works 48 Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, 25 Individual study tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. Course total 125 The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of nondirected study according to the principles of the ECTS **STUDENT PERFORMANCE** Individual project 30% **EVALUATION** Final exam 70% Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

## 5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

I.M.Frantzeskakis, I.K.Golias, M.C.Pitsiava-Latinopoulou, Traffic Engineering, Papasotiriou Press, Athens, 2009 (in Greek)-code in Evdoxos: 9699

E.G.Matsoukis, Traffic Engineering, Symmetria Press, Athens 2008 (in Greek)

E.G.Matsoukis, Transportation Design and Elements of Railway Engineering, Symmetria Press, Athens 2008 (in Greek)

K.Limberis, Railway Engineering: Theory and Applications: M. & S. Athanasopoulos, Athens, 2011 (in Greek)-code in Evdoxos: 12867047

K.Ambakoumkin, Airports, Symmetria Press, Athens, 1990 (in Greek)-code in Evdoxos: 45235

V.Profyllidis, Airplane Transportation and Airports, Papasotiriou Press, Athens 2010 (in Greek)

V.Profyllidis, Railway Engineering, Giahoudis Press, Thessaloniki 2016 (in Greek)

- Related academic journals:

Journal of Transportation Engineering of ASCE

Transportation Research